Brian — 2025-01-17 — PS 1— Solution

EIWL3 Sections 1-4

Exercises from EIWL3 Section 1

```
(* 1.1 *) 1+2+3
Out[•]=
        6
        (* 1.2 *) 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5
Out[•]=
        15
        (* 1.3 *) 1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4 \times 5
Out[•]=
        120
        (* 1.4 *) 5^2
Out[•]=
        25
        (* 1.5 *) 3^4
Out[•]=
        81
        (* 1.6 *) 10^12
Out[•]=
        1000000000000
        (* 1.7 *) 3<sup>^</sup>(7×8)
Out[•]=
        523 347 633 027 360 537 213 511 521
```

Comment: The previous exercise was Ex. 1.7, and to solve it, I had to use parentheses, which had not been discussed. From this, we are put on warning that Wolfram will sometimes expect us to use things that he hasn't explicitly introduced. The next exercise is Ex. 1.8, and in that one, he explicitly introduces parentheses. The point is that you sometimes have to look a little ahead to do the exercises.

```
(* 1.8 *) (4 - 2) (3 + 4)

Out[*]=

14

(* 1.9 *) 29000 × 73

Out[*]=

2 117000
```

Exercises from EIWL3 Section 2

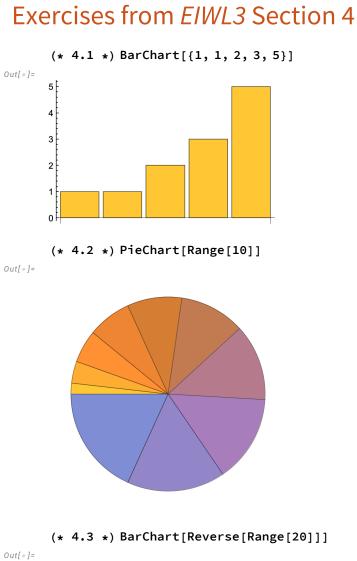
```
(* 2.1 *) Plus[7, 6, 5]

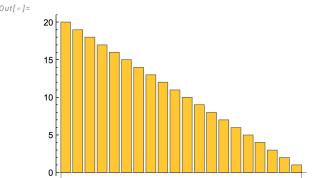
out[*]=
18
(* 2.2 *) Times[2, Plus[3, 4]]
(* 2.3 *) Max[Times[6, 8], Times[5, 9]]
out[*]=
48
(* 2.4 *) RandomInteger[1000]
out[*]=
477
(* 2.5 *) Plus[10, RandomInteger[10]]
out[*]=
17
```

Exercises from EIWL3 Section 3

```
(* 3.1 *) Range[4]
Out[•]=
      \{1, 2, 3, 4\}
      (* 3.2 *) Range[100]
Out[•]=
      23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42,
       43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62,
       63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81,
       82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100}
      (* 3.3 *) Reverse[Range[4]]
Out[•]=
      \{4, 3, 2, 1\}
      (* 3.4 *) Reverse[Range[50]]
Out[•]=
      {50, 49, 48, 47, 46, 45, 44, 43, 42, 41, 40, 39, 38, 37,
       36, 35, 34, 33, 32, 31, 30, 29, 28, 27, 26, 25, 24, 23, 22, 21, 20,
       19, 18, 17, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1
```

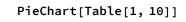
(* 3.5 *) Join[Range[4], Reverse[Range[4]]] Out[•]= $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 4, 3, 2, 1\}$ (* 3.6 *) ListPlot[Join[Range[100], Reverse[Range[100]]]] Out[•]= 100 80 60 40 20 50 100 150 200 (* 3.7 *) Range[RandomInteger[10]] Out[•]= $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$ (* 3.8 *) Range[10] (* Is a simpler expression for Reverse[Reverse[Range[10]]] *) Out[•]= $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$ in[4]:= (* 3.9 *) Join[{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}] (* or just Range[5] *) Out[4]= $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ (* 3.10 *) Join[Range[10], Range[10], Range[5]] (* The simplest thing I could come up with. *) Out[6]= {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5} In[9]:= (* 3.11 *) Join[Range[20], Reverse[Range[20]]] (* The list is the same when reversed, so just leave the outer Reverse off. *) Out[9]= {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 20, 19, 18, 17, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1}



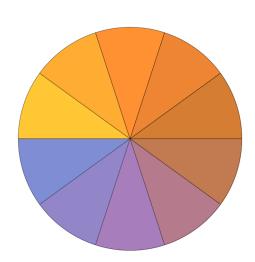


```
(* 4.4 *) Column[Range[5]]
Out[•]=
     1
      2
     3
      4
      5
      (* 4.5 *) NumberLinePlot[Range[5]<sup>2</sup>]
      (* You might be surprised that in my solution I
       "squared" a list. The key is that exponentiation is Listable,
     meaning that it will exponentiate each element of a list when given a list. *)
Out[•]=
     0 5 10 15 20
                                              25
      (* 4.5 *) Range[10]^2
Out[•]=
      \{1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81, 100\}
     Another way to make the same number line plot is:
     NumberLinePlot[Power[Range[5], 2]]
Out[ • ]=
     0 5 10 15 20 25
      (* 4.6 *) PieChart[{1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]]
Out[•]=
```

Comment: This is another one of those problems where Wolfram is thinking you might look ahead a little to come up with the solution. Specifically, in Section 6, he is going to introduce the **Table** function, and the easiest application of **Table** is to make repeated numbers:



Out[•]=



```
(* 4.7 *) Column[{
    PieChart[Table[1, 1]],
    PieChart[Table[1, 2]],
    PieChart[Table[1, 3]]
}]
```

Out[•]=

